

(b) Any balance of federally obligated grant funds remaining unobligated by the grantee at the end of a budget period may be carried forward provided specific approval is granted by the Secretary. If at any time during a budget period it becomes apparent to the Secretary that the amount of Federal funds awarded and available to the grantee for that period, including any unobligated balance carried forward from prior periods, exceeds the grantee's needs for the period, the Secretary may adjust the amounts awarded by withdrawing the excess. A budget period is an interval of time (usually 12 months) into which the project period is divided for funding and reporting purposes.

[43 FR 43416, Sept. 25, 1978, as amended at 52 FR 27343, July 21, 1987; 57 FR 45741, Oct. 5, 1992]

#### **§ 57.2409 What additional Department regulations apply to grantees?**

Several other regulations apply to grants under this subpart. These include, but are not limited to:

- 42 CFR part 50, subpart D—Public Health Service Grant Appeals Procedure.
- 45 CFR part 16—Procedures of the Departmental Grant Appeals Board.
- 45 CFR part 46—Protection of Human Subjects.
- 45 CFR part 74—Administration of Grants.
- 45 CFR part 75—Informal Grant Appeals Procedures.
- 45 CFR part 76—Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (nonprocurement) and Governmentwide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Grants)
- 45 CFR part 80—Nondiscrimination Under Programs Receiving Federal Assistance Through the Department of Health and Human Services Effectuation of title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.
- 45 CFR part 81—Practice and Procedure for Hearings Under part 80 of this title.
- 45 CFR part 83—Regulation for the Administration and Enforcement of sections 794 and 855 of the Public Health Service Act.
- 45 CFR part 84—Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Handicap in Programs and Activities Receiving or Benefiting From Federal Financial Assistance.
- 45 CFR part 86—Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Sex in Education Programs and Activities Receiving or Benefiting From Federal Financial Assistance.
- 45 CFR part 91—Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Age in HHS Programs Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance.

45 CFR part 93—New restrictions on lobbying.

[52 FR 27344, July 21, 1987, as amended at 57 FR 45741, Oct. 5, 1992; 61 FR 6126, Feb. 16, 1996]

#### **§ 57.2410 Additional conditions.**

The Secretary may with respect to any grant award impose additional conditions prior to or at the time of any award when in his judgment such conditions are necessary to assure or protect advancement of the approved project, the interests of the public health, or the conservation of grant funds.

[43 FR 43416, Sept. 25, 1978. Redesignated at 52 FR 27344, July 21, 1987]

#### **APPENDIX TO SUBPART Y—GUIDELINES FOR NURSE PRACTITIONER AND NURSE MIDWIFERY PROGRAMS**

The guidelines set forth below have been prescribed by the Secretary after consultation with appropriate educational organizations and professional nursing and medical organizations, as required by section 822(a)(2)(B) of the Public Health Service Act.

A. *Definitions.* 1. "Programs for the education of nurse practitioners or nurse midwives" means a full-time educational program for registered nurses (irrespective of the type of school of nursing in which the nurses received their training) which meets the guidelines prescribed herein and which has as its objective the education of nurses (including pediatric and geriatric nurses) who will, upon completion of their studies in such program be qualified to effectively provide primary health care, including primary health care in homes and in ambulatory care facilities, long-term care facilities, where appropriate, and other health care institutions.

2. "Nurse practitioner" means a registered nurse who has successfully completed a formal program of study designed to prepare registered nurses to perform in an expanded role in the delivery of primary health care including the ability to:

- a. Assess the health status of individuals and families through health and medical history taking, physical examination, and defining of health and developmental problems;
- b. Institute and provide continuity of health care to clients (patients), work with the client to insure understanding of and compliance with the therapeutic regimen within established protocols, and recognize when to refer the client to a physician or other health care provider;
- c. Provide instruction and counseling to individuals, families and groups in the areas